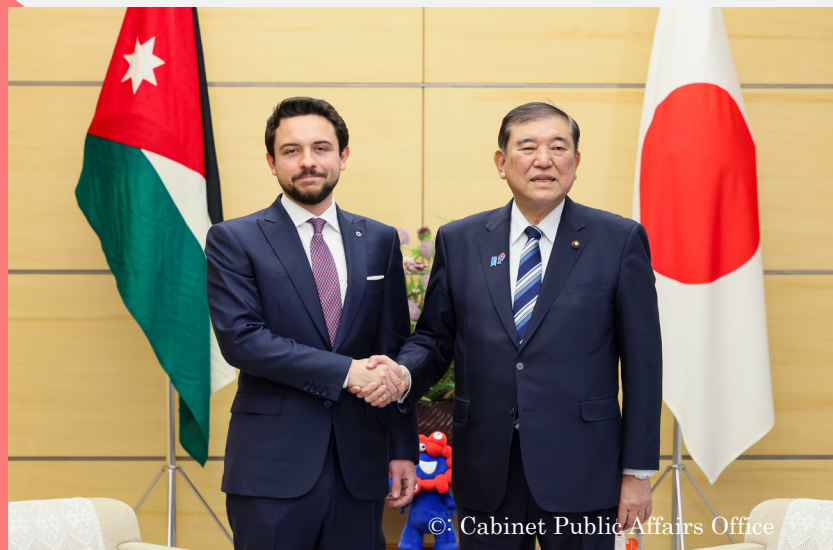




2025
JAPAN's
Development
Cooperation
to the Hashemite
Kingdom of
JORDAN

Japan's Cooperation with Jordan



Japan and Jordan established their diplomatic relations in 1954. Since then, the two countries have been maintaining friendly bilateral relations, including the historical ties between the imperial and royal families and active high-level visit exchanges.

Jordan is the 'cornerstone of peace and stability' in the Middle East, and Japan highly values its political and economic resilience, which contributes greatly to the stability of the wider Middle East region. This is reflected in the upgrading of bilateral relations between the two countries to a strategic partnership in 2018. Since then, Japan and Jordan have accelerated the expansion of their cooperation across a broad range of areas, including political, economic, security, and cultural fields.

Jordan has long accepted refugees from neighboring countries due to its political and geographical contexts. However, the influx of refugees from Syria following the outbreak of the Syrian crisis in March 2011 has placed a significant social and economic burden on Jordan. Moreover, ongoing regional instability has further strained Jordan's economy.

In addition, Jordan's continued need for external support, scarce natural resources, particularly water and energy, as well as the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have constrained Jordan's progress.

In order to respond to the economic difficulties, the Government of Jordan launched the Economic Modernization Vision in June 2022, aiming to drive growth, stimulate investment, and create sustainable jobs. The realization of these goals, however, is closely tied to regional dynamics. While renewed developments in Syria could offer economic opportunities, Jordan continues to view strengthened border control, counter-terrorism, and overall security as essential to stability and progress.

Understanding Jordan's important role in regional stability and peace, Japan will continue to support Jordan's modernization efforts and self-sustaining economic growth through its ODA, encompassing development policy loans, grant aid, and technical assistance, covering priority sectors such as energy and water.

TOTAL
4,335
million USD
(4,334.97 million yen)

1974~2023

*Gross ODA

ODA Loans
2,956 million USD
(343,419 million yen)

*Gross ODA loans

Grant Aid
1,000 million USD
(102,024 million yen)

Technical Cooperation
379 million USD
(41,005 million yen)

*ODA: Official Development Assistance

*Amount as of September 2025

*Data retrieved from OECD-DAC

1. ODA Loans

ODA Loans support developing countries by providing concessional, long-term, low-interest funds to finance their development efforts, particularly for the development of economic and social infrastructure, such as transportation, energy, water, and telecommunications. The fundamental role played by ODA loans as a form of aid is to complement a country's domestic resources needed for development. The sectors covered by ODA loans differ according to the recipient country's needs and development strategies. Japan has been providing ODA loans to Jordan for a long time, supporting priority sectors including water, energy, and social resilience.



Signing Ceremony
for “Resilience
Enhancement for the
Social Sector and
Human Capital
Development Program
Loan” (FY2024)



Tourism Sector
Development Project

FY*	Project	Amount
2018	“Business Environment, Employment and Fiscal Sustainability Reform Development Policy Loan” Supporting Jordan’s effort in reforming fields of business environment, employment and fiscal sustainability.	33,000 million yen
2021	“COVID-19 Crisis Response Emergency Support Loan” Supporting Jordan’s effort in promoting early recovery from economic deterioration due to the spread of the Covid-19.	11,000 million yen
2022	“Electricity Sector Reform and Resilience Enhancement Program Loan” Supporting Jordan’s effort in promoting economic stabilization and development.	15,000 million yen
2023	“Electricity Sector Reform and Resilience Enhancement Program Loan (Phase II)” Supporting Jordan’s effort in its reform program.	15,000 million yen
2024	“Program Loan for the Resilience Enhancement of the Social Sector and Human Capital Development”	16,000 million yen

*Japanese Fiscal Year (FY) runs from April 1st to March 31st

2. Grant Aid



Grant Aid is a form of development cooperation that does not require repayment by recipient countries. To maintain Jordan's stability and support social and economic development of Jordan, Japan has supported Jordan in various fields, including infrastructure development, particularly in the water, energy, and security sectors.

FY	Project	Amount
2018	The Project for the Improvement of Waste Management Equipment in Northern Region Hosting Syrian Refugees	1,631 million yen
2019	The Project for the Enhancement of Customs Security at Aqaba	1,703 million yen
2020	The Project for Improvement of the Zai Water Supply System	2,379 million yen
2023	The Project for Strengthening Capacity of Power System Operation	897 million yen
2024	The Project for the Introduction of Water Supply Control System in Ma'an Governorate	1,334 million yen

Economic and Social Development Program

This is a form of financial support for importing goods rather than funding projects, with the aim of supporting the recipient countries' efforts to improve their economic and social structures.

FY	Project	Amount
2021	Security and Counter Terrorism	500 million yen
2022	Aqaba Amman Water Desalination and Conveyance Project (AAWDGP)	713 million yen
2023	Road Maintenance	750 million yen
2024	Security and Counter Terrorism	1,017 million yen



Economic and Social Development Programme
Signing ceremony to contribute to the Security and Counter Terrorism (FY2024)

Grant Assistance for Grass-Roots Human Security Projects (GGP)

This grant assistance supports non-profit organizations implementing socio-economic development projects at the grass-roots level, such as international and local NGOs, local public authorities, educational institutions, and medical institutions. This scheme prioritizes projects that address Basic Human Needs and promote Human Security in Jordan.

FY2022

- The Project for Improving Capacity of Aid Storage Warehouse in Zarqa
- The Project for Provision of Medical Equipment for Maternal and Child Health
- The Project for Provision of Ultrasound Equipment to Red Crescent Hospital
- The Project for Provision of Medical Equipment to Medical Center in Hitten Palestinian Refugee Camp

FY2023

- The Project for Provision of Medical Equipment to the Jemzo Medical Charity Center
- The Project for the Provision of Pottery Production Equipment for the Vocational Training

FY2024

- The Project for Provision of Garbage Trucks to Greater Karak Municipality

TOTAL (FY1990~2024)

160 projects
Approx.

10.5 million USD



Health

Procurement of medical equipment to improve medical services



Economic Empowerment

Procurement of refrigerated trucks to improve farmer transport of goods to markets



Communal Support

Renovating a community Center in Jerash Refugee Camp



Vocational Training

Procurement of ceramic vocational training equipment

Assistance through Japanese NGOs

Japan provides support for Japanese NGOs to implement economic and social development projects, as well as to deliver emergency humanitarian assistance to refugees in Jordan and their host communities.

World Vision

この子を救う。未来を救う。

Through Grant Assistance for Japanese NGO Projects, WVJ supported improvement of an inclusive educational environment, especially for vulnerable children including out-of-school children, refugee, and children with disabilities, through providing English and life-skills classes, barrier-free facilities, and accessible teaching materials.



©World Vision

Supporting the education of children with visual impairments through visual aid devices (FY2024~2025)



©World Vision

Supporting Syrian refugee children with disabilities to access education in Irbid (FY2022~2023)

KnK JAPAN
国境なき子どもたち

Through JICA Partnership Programme, KnK had introduced Tokkatsu (Japanese-style holistic education) activities to develop children's social skills, by providing training to teachers and officers from Directorates of Education and promoting parents' participation in the activities at schools.



© KnK

Activity at a school in Zaatar Camp to enhance cross-grade interaction (FY2023~2025)



© KnK

Leader of the day activity where each student is given an equal opportunity to stand in front of others (FY2023~2025)

3. Technical Cooperation

Technical Cooperation is a form of development cooperation that facilitates the transfer of technology and knowledge necessary for the economic and social development of developing countries. Japan has supported Jordan since 1965 through receiving trainees, dispatching experts, and implementing various cooperation programs. So far, Japan has provided cooperation equivalent to 42,014 million Yen, involving 1,220 Japanese experts and 3,292 Jordanian trainees.

FY	Technical Cooperation
2022	Total 830 million Yen - 106 received Jordanian trainees - 53 Japanese experts - 37 Japanese mission members - 214 million yen equipment provision - 25 Japanese volunteers
2023	Total 830 million Yen - 61 received Jordanian trainees - 62 Japanese experts - 65 Japanese mission members - 0.17 million yen equipment provision - 37 Japanese volunteers
2024	Total 1 billion Yen • 98 received Jordanian trainees • 10 Japanese experts • 6 Japanese mission members • 0.11 million yen equipment provision • 33 Japanese volunteers



Project for Enhancing Non-Revenue Water Management Capacity in Southern Governorates (FY2023–2026)



Power Energy Sector Advisor for Regional Collaboration in Jordan, Iraq and Egypt (FY2023–2026)



Project for Enhancing Non-Revenue Water Management Capacity in Southern Governorates (FY2023–2026)



Project for Formulating Tourism Development Master Plan in Petra Region (FY2020 – 2024)



Project for Promoting Positive Learning Environment for All Children (FY2021–2025)



Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers

4. Corridor for Peace and Prosperity

In 2006, Japan proposed the “Corridor for Peace and Prosperity” initiative in cooperation with relevant partners to promote regional economic collaboration and mutual prosperity. As part of these efforts, Japan has supported the establishment of the Jericho Agro-Industrial Park (JAPI) in the West Bank, where Palestinian enterprises are providing employment opportunities and producing value-added goods

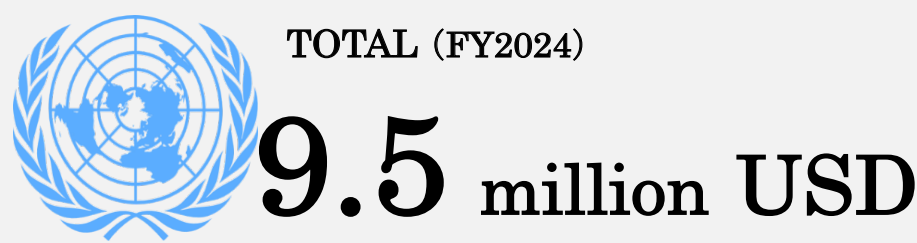
for export. Japan also promotes regional human resource development through third-country training programs hosted by Jordan. While some of these programs for Palestine, contribute to the Corridor for Peace and Prosperity initiative, other training programs for Iraq and Yemen aim to support stability and development across the broader region.



TCTP of Capacity Building and Technical Skills Improvement for Water and Wastewater in Palestine (JFY2023 – JFY2025) © JICA

5. Support Through International Organizations

Japan, through international organizations, provides assistance in response to the large number of Syrian refugees who have fled to Jordan.



FY	International Organization	Amount (USD)
2022	IOM, UNHCR, UNOPS, UNRWA, WFP	11.197 million
2023	FAO, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNOPS, UNRWA, WFP	8.648 million
2024	UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNOPS, UNRWA, WFP	9.5 million

*This list excludes the projects with Emergency Grant Aid
*This list excludes multi-country projects



Touring Azraq Camp where UNHCR activities are funded by the Japanese Government



Field visit with the WFP Representative and Country Director, to a Syrian beneficiary family

Emergency Grant Aid



UNRWA: Visit to Health Center by Parliamentary Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Matsumoto

*Includes the amount for neighboring countries (figures between brackets indicate the allocation to Jordan)

Japan provides Emergency Grant Aid for the governments of affected countries, as well as to international and other organizations (including Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies), with the aim of delivering urgent support to refugees, internally displaced persons (IDPs), or people affected by natural disasters or conflicts.

In response to the recent deterioration of the humanitarian situation in neighboring regions, Japan has extended support to vulnerable populations, including refugees and IDPs, through international organizations.

FY	Project	Amount (USD)
2017	Emergency Grant Aid in response to the humanitarian crisis in Iraq, Syria and neighboring countries	15 million* (3.5 million)
2018	Emergency Grant Aid for three countries in the Middle East affected by Syrian Crisis	14 million* (4 million)
2021	Emergency Grant Aid in response to the humanitarian crisis in Syria and neighboring countries	29 million* (7.7 million)

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Provision of Pottery Production Equipment for Vocational Training to Beit Al Bawadi under GGP scheme (2023).